



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

by glass cases, wire screens, and other modern methods and shall cause the abatement and destruction of vermin and flies wherever found.

SEC. 39. All restaurants shall be equipped with covered metallic cans for retaining and keeping their garbage and waste in a sanitary manner, which shall be kept in such places and manner as will preclude nuisance and contamination of the kitchen and such rooms from odors and from all possibilities therefrom, and when necessary shall use disinfectants.

SEC. 40. All meat markets or other places where meat is sold or distributed must be kept clean, well lighted, and ventilated. The back room of the meat market must be kept free from filth-collecting plunder and be at all times in a sanitary condition.

SEC. 41. Every person owning or managing any store, shop, or commission house where meats, fish, fowl, fruit, or vegetables are kept or offered for sale or sold, and every person owning or managing any hotel, restaurant or boarding house, is required to provide metallic receptacles with close-fitting covers, sufficient for the disposition of all garbage from their premises; and no person shall remove any such garbage from such receptacles after it has been deposited therein except for the purpose of transporting the same to the place for the destruction or other disposition thereof.

SEC. 42. Live poultry shall not be kept in the same room or compartment in which meats are prepared, stored, or exposed for sale. Nor shall live poultry be kept in any room adjoining such room, or compartment except by permit of this board.

* * * * *

SEC. 46. The side walls of every bakery, confectionery, creamery, hotel, or restaurant kitchen shall be well plastered, wainscoted, or ceiled with metal or lumber and shall be oil-painted or kept well lime-washed, and all interior woodwork in every bakery, confectionery, creamery, hotel, or restaurant kitchen in this town shall be kept well oiled or painted with oil paint and shall be kept washed clean with soap and water.

* * * * *

SEC. 68. All buildings or rooms where biscuits, pies, bread, crackers, cakes, macaroni, and other foodstuffs, confectionery, candy, ice cream, or frozen sweets are manufactured or made for the purpose of sale shall be drained and plumbed in a manner that will conduce to the proper and healthful sanitary condition thereof and shall have air shafts, windows, or ventilating pipes sufficient to insure ventilation and sufficient light to prevent any place being operated entirely by artificial light, and all doors, windows, and other openings shall be thoroughly screened so as to prevent the entrance of flies or other insects between the 1st day of April and the 31st day of October. Any person, persons, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this section shall forfeit and pay a penalty of \$25.

Bakery Products—Wrapping of. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 26, 1915.)

SEC. 44. All bread and bakery products offered or intended for sale shall, upon sale or when carried or handled for sale or delivered in wagons, vehicles, or otherwise, be suitably wrapped in paraffin paper or other cleanly covering in such manner as to completely protect the bread from dirt and dust or from harmful contact in handling.

This section of this ordinance shall apply to all stores, delicatessen or other places, from which bread and other bakery products are sold.

A wrapping of food products in newspapers, old sacks, or any paper that has been formerly used is prohibited.

Laundries—Sanitary Regulation. (Reg. Bd. of H., May 26, 1915.)

SEC. 47. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, owning or employed in any laundry, to spray the clothing of any person or persons with water emitted from the mouth of said owner or employee.

SEC. 48. No laundry shall be used as a sleeping room, and any laundry that is not separated from living or sleeping rooms by plaster partitions or by other partitions equally impervious to gases shall not be permitted.